SUSTAINABLE SOLAR EDUCATION PROJECT

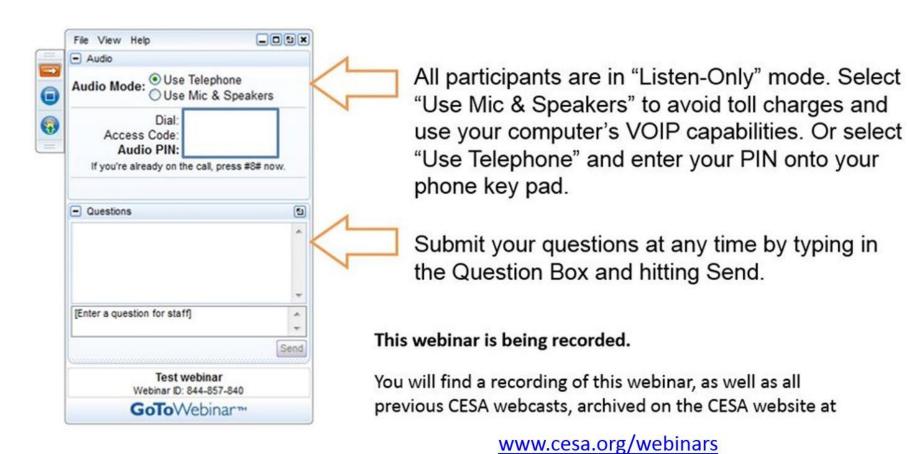
Solar Equipment, Installation, and Licensing & Certification: A Guide for States and Municipalities

February 9, 2017





Housekeeping



About CESA



































































Sustainable Solar Education Project

- Provides information and educational resources to state and municipal officials on strategies to ensure distributed solar electricity remains consumer friendly and benefits low- and moderate-income households.
- The project is managed by the CESA and is funded through the U.S. Department of Energy SunShot Initiative's Solar Training and Education for Professionals program.
- Sign up for the Sustainable Solar mailing list to receive our free monthly newsletter and announcements of upcoming events

www.cesa.org/projects/sustainable-solar





Presenters

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Moderator:

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Standards and Requirements for Solar Equipment, Installation, and Licensing and Certification

A Guide for States and Municipalities

February 9, 2017

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About Us

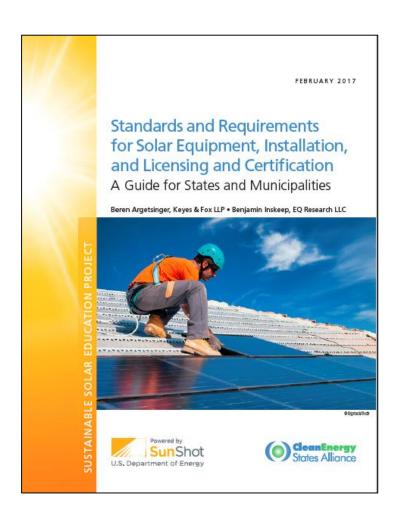
- **KEYES&FOX** Law firm specializing in distributed generation and renewable energy law.
 - Attorneys have appeared before over 40 state public utility commissions to advance clean energy policies.



- Consulting firm providing policy research, analysis, and data services to businesses active in clean energy, energy storage, and electric vehicles.
- Subscription services include comprehensively tracking legislative and regulatory proceedings in clean energy across all 50 states.



Outline



1. Installation Codes

- Building
- Fire
- Electrical

2. Licensing & Certification

- Electric Licensing
- Third-Party Certification
- Installer Databases and Contractor Lists

3. Equipment

- Standards
- Warranties

Installation Codes



Installation Codes: Key Issues

- Restrictive or ambiguous language
- Long lag time in updating codes
- Extreme variation across jurisdictions
- Inconsistency in enforcement



Installation Codes: Buildings

- Minimum solar PV requirements related to:
 - Installation
 - Structural/engineering
 - Materials
 - Wind resistance
 - Fire classification
- International Code Council updates model codes every 3 years

Example: Oregon Solar Installation Specialty Code

- First statewide solar code in U.S. (2010)
- Expedited permitting for installations meeting prescriptive requirements

Installation Codes: Buildings

- "Solar Ready" Buildings
 - Rooftop equipment minimized
 - Designate roof area
 - North-South orientation
 - Interconnection pathway documented
 - Roof specifications

Example: Requirements for Solar on New Buildings

- Four California cities
- Pending California legislation

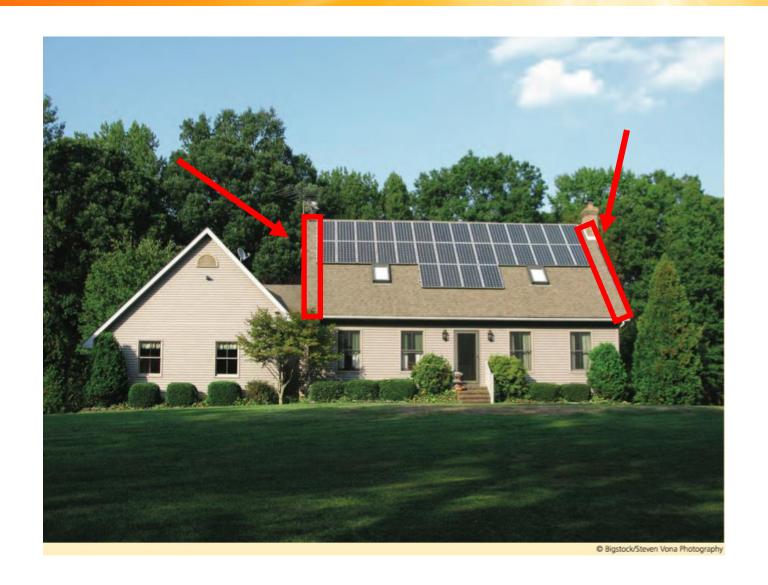
Installation Codes: Buildings

- Streamlining Permitting & Inspection
 - Online information and application
 - Standardize application fees
 - Reduce timelines
 - Training

Example: Connecticut Green Bank

Outreach, training, and resources for local governments

Installation Codes: Fire



Installation Codes: Fire

Purpose

- Mitigate Potential PV Hazards:
 - Tripping
 - Structural
 - Fire spread
 - Toxics inhalation
 - Electrical shock

International Fire Code

- Pathways
 - 3 ft. wide
- Spacing
 - 150 ft. x 150 ft. max array size
- Setbacks
 - 3 ft. (residential)
 - 6 ft. (nonresidential)

Installation Codes: Electrical

<u>Purpose</u>

 Safety for first responders, contractors, & homeowners

National Electrical Code

- National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 70)
- Updates in 2011, 2014, & 2017 specific to PV
- Comprehensive electrical safety design, installation & inspection requirements

Installation Codes: Electrical

Key Issues

- Technical electrical specifications
- Signage and Labeling
- Rapid Shutdown



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Recommendations & Considerations

- Strengthen awareness among building officials, permitting staff, and first responders about rooftop PV systems
- Offer training, education and outreach to firefighters and building officials
- Facilitate an inclusive stakeholder process when adopting or updating codes
- Consider model codes as a starting point and incorporate local conditions and stakeholder input as appropriate
- Provide clear and consistent code enforcement and transparent process for appealing enforcement actions

Licensing & Certification



Licensing & Certification: Key Issues

State and local administration of licensure

- Type or level of electric license required
- The definition of "electrical work"

• Licensed to non-licensed electrician ratio requirements

Leveraging Third Party Certification

Licensing & Certification

License

- Grant of legal authority
- Mandatory requirement

Examples

- General electrician license
- Limited electrician license

Certification

- Voluntary credential
- Third-party administration
- Supplements license

Example

NABCEP PV Installer
 Professional Certification

Licensing

General Electrician Licensing

TABLE 1: General Electrician Licensing in Selected States: Training and Ratio Requirements

State	License Type	Minimum Training Required	Ratio of licensed electrician to non- licensed apprentice
Idaho ⁵⁷	Journeyman	Classroom: 576 credit hours (4 years); On-the-job training: 8,000 hours (4 years)	1:3
Massachusetts ⁵⁸	Journeyman	Classroom: 600 credit hours; On-the-job-training: 8,000 hours (4 years)	1:1
Minnesota ⁵⁹	Journeyman	On-the-job training: 8,000 hours (4 years)	1:2
Wisconsin ⁶⁰	Journeyman	Classroom: no minimum requirement (but educational experience may be claimed toward required experience; On-the-job experience: 8,000 hours (4 years)	1:1

Examples of the general electric license and the ratio of licensed to non-licensed apprentice requirements for PV installation in some states.

Licensing

"Limited" Electric Licensing

TABLE 3: Examples of Solar "Limited" Electric Licenses and Training Requirements

State	Name/License Type	Minimum Training Required	
California ⁶⁹	C-46 Solar Contractor	Classroom: no minimum; On-the-job-training: 4 years of solar experience (apprenticeship training and advanced education is credited, but 1 year of practical experience required	
Connecticut ⁷⁰	PV-1 – Limited Solar Electric Contractor	Classroom: 144 hours; On-the-job training: 4,000 apprentice hours (2 years)	
Oregon ⁷¹	Limited Renewable Energy Technician	Classroom: 144 hours; On-the-job training: 4,000 apprentice hours (2 years)	

Certification

Third-Party Certification

- NABCEP
 - Photovoltaic Associate
 - PV Installation Professional
- Electrical Training Alliance
- Underwriters Laboratory
- Building Performance Institute

State Certification

Oregon Solar Trade Ally

Licensing & Certification: Other Issues

Contractor Lists & Installer Databases

- California installer database
- NYSERDA participating contractor list
- Connecticut GoSolarCT eligible contractor list



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Recommendations & Considerations

- Determine whether state or local circumstances or technological advancements warrant deviation from National Electric Code electric licensing recommendations for PV installations
- Clearly define licensing and certification requirements and enforcement guidelines
- Consider adopting certain third-party certification requirements as part for contractor eligibility to participate in solar programs
- Provide clear and transparent solar installer contractor lists

Equipment Standards & Warranties



Equipment Standards & Warranties: Key Issues

Government and third-party mandated equipment standards

Equipment eligibility lists

Manufacturer and Workmanship Warranties

Equipment Standards

Third-Party Standards

- UL product safety standards
 - E.g., UL 1703 PV module performance standard
- IEEE standards
 - E.g., IEEE 1547
 interconnection standard

State-Mandated Standards

- California Energy
 Commission equipment

 standards list
- Florida Solar Energy Center certification

Warranties

Types

- Manufacturer warranty
 - Product warranty
 - Performance warranty
- Workmanship warranty
- Production guarantee



Recommendations & Considerations

 Provide clear information for contractors and consumers and about equipment standards and warranty requirements

 Evaluate existing government and third party standards and solicit stakeholder participation when developing or updating standards and warranties

Conclusions and Key Takeaways

- ✓ Installation codes, licensing & certification, and standards and warranties are critical components of sustainable solar markets
- ✓ A review of existing codes may reveal areas that can be updated to bring codes in line with solar policy goals
- ✓ Well designed codes, rules, and standards are important policy levers that can improve the customer experience, enhance safety, and ensure that rooftop PV development meets public policy goals and expectations

When developing or revising codes and standards:

- ✓ Solicit a diversity of stakeholder input
- ✓ Identify model codes and state examples to use as guides
- ✓ Clearly define the standard or code applicable for PV
- ✓ Address implementation hurdles
- ✓ Consider the impact of technological advancements
- ✓ Provide training and education opportunities
- ✓ Make information transparent, easily to find, and current

Thank you!

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