

Offshore Wind Transmission:

Lessons from Germany and Regulatory Considerations for OSW Transmission in the U.S.

September 6, 2018



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The Northeast Wind Resource Center

The Northeast Wind Resource Center (NWRC) provides salient, unbiased information on offshore and land-based wind energy in the Northeastern United States. The NWRC serves the information needs of New England and New York for land-based wind, and that same region plus New Jersey in the case of offshore wind.

Published research, studies, and analyses associated with the issues impacting public acceptance of wind deployment are available in the NWRC **Resource Library**.

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Panelists





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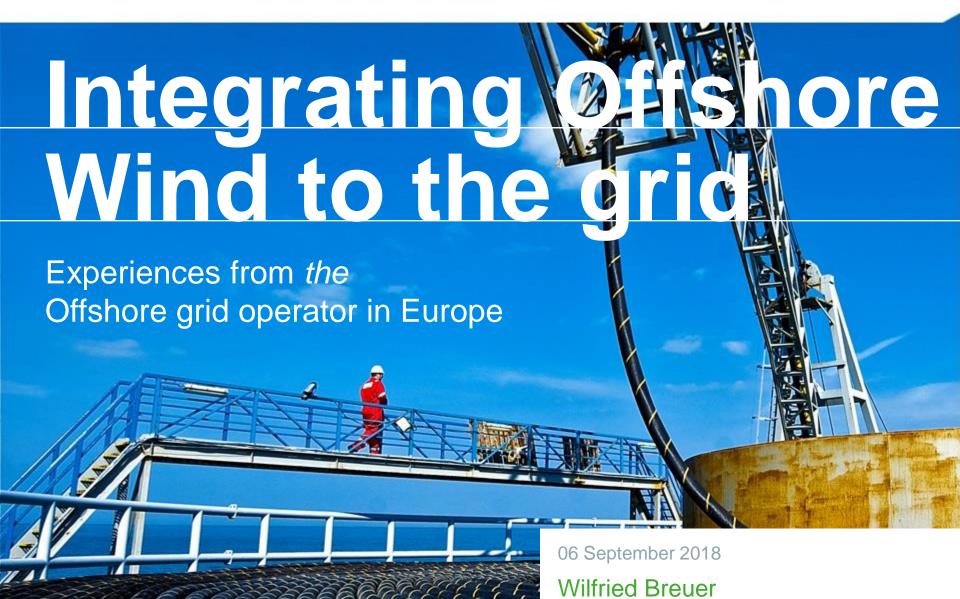
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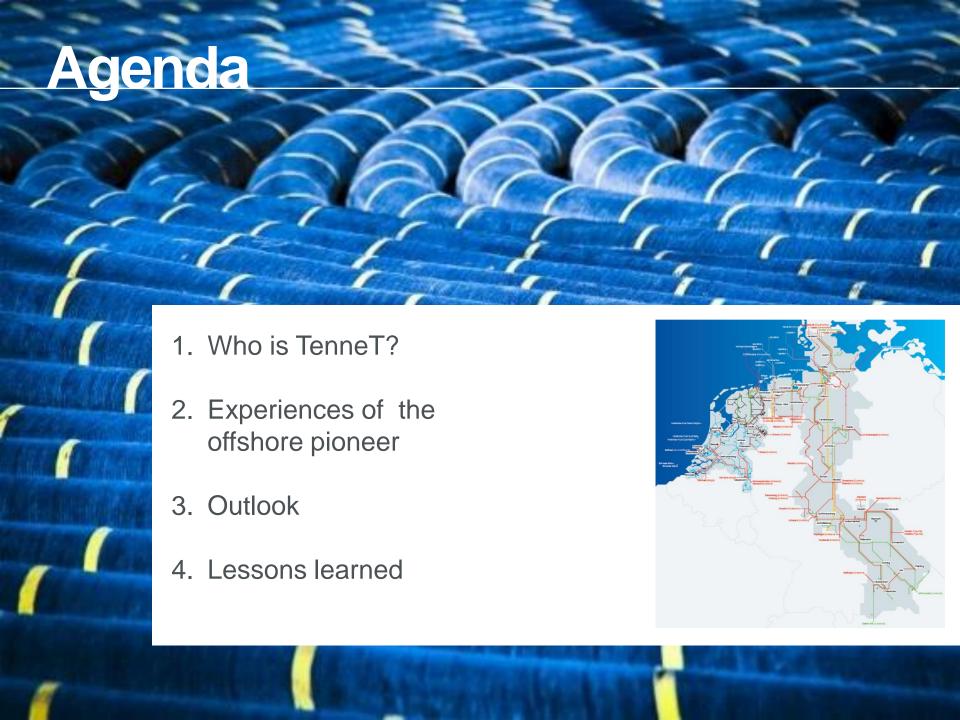


Holland & Knight









Two TSOs – One Company



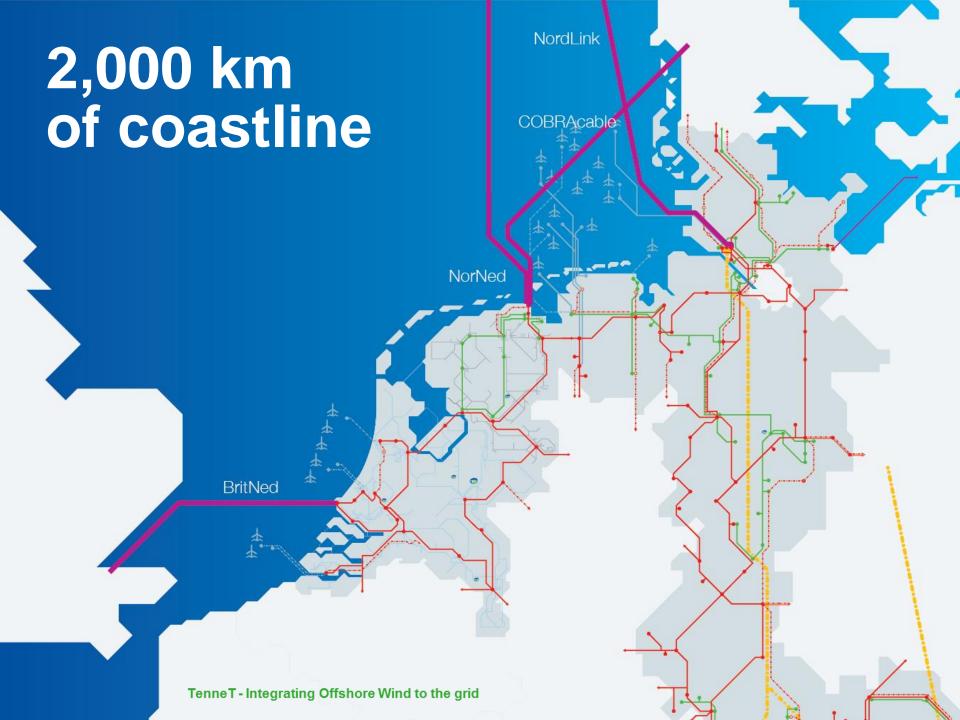
Europe's first cross-border Transmission System Operator (TSO)

- We supply 41 million end users with electricity.
- Operation, maintenance and further development of (extra) high-voltage power grids in parts of Germany an the Netherlands.
- Statutory mandate for grid expansion and safe operation on- and offshore.

TenneT

- Approx. 23,000 km total grid length
- 462 substations
- Approx. 4,000 employees (internal and external)
- Revenues € 3.948 bn. in grid business





Legal framework



Germany

Since 2006, TenneT is legally obliged to connect the Offshore Wind generators in the German North Sea to the grid.

§ 17d EnWG (German Energy Industry Act)

The Netherlands

In 2016, the Dutch government formally appointed TenneT as the responsible party for developing and operating the Dutch offshore grid connections.

Dutch Electricity and gas bill (STROOM)



Development of subsidies in the North Sea



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TenneT's track record

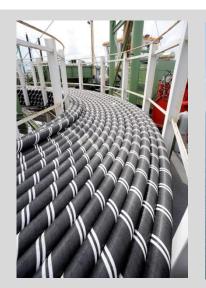


Germany

- 14 grid connections for Offshore Windfarms
- 11 HVDC connections,
 3 AC connections
- 6.232 MW at present
- 8.032 MW until 2023
- NordLink: 1,400 MW (2020)

The Netherlands

- 5 offshore grid connections
- 3.500 MW until 2023 (AC)
- additional 7 GW until 2030 (AC and HVDC)
- NorNed (2008): 700 MW
- BritNed (2011): 1,000 MW
- COBRA cable (2019): 700 MW



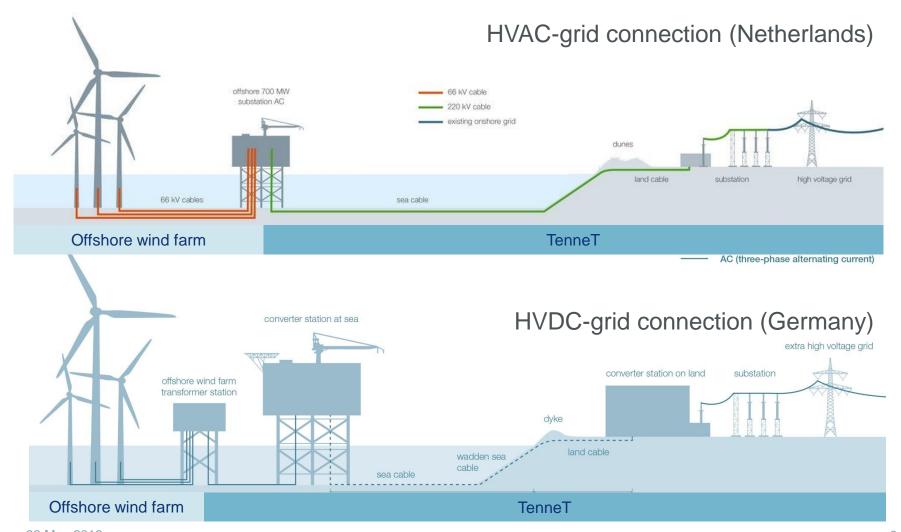




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Schematic of Offshore Grid Connections



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Benefits of the Dutch/German model

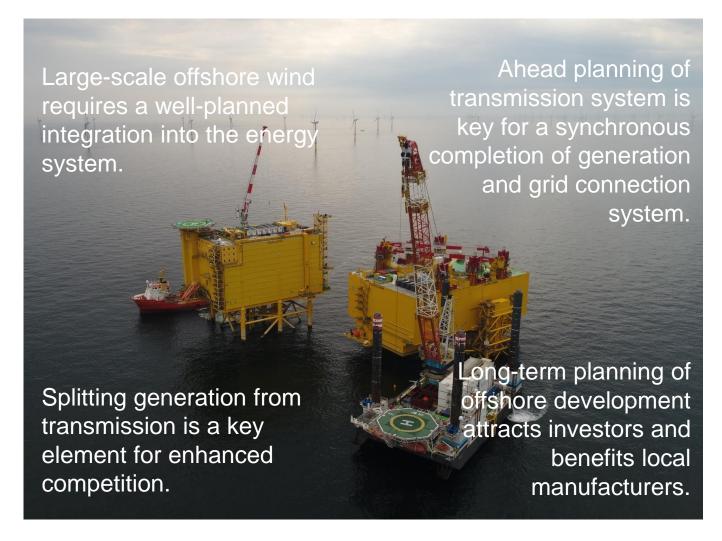
Reliability in a regulated environment

- Bundled competence for a reliable, coordinated and efficient expansion of the on- and offshore grid
- Optimisation of total expenditure
- Minimisation of environmental impact by maximum capacity export cables
- Standardisation of assets and processes
- Enabling level-playing field for competing offshore wind generation investors leading to low cost of energy
- Coordinated expansion of offshore wind with onshore grid
- Optimum use of transmission capacities and level of asset redundancy – connecting several offshore windfarm to one cable

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Lessons learned from European offshore wind



REGULATORY CONSIDERATIONS FOR OFFSHORE WIND TRANSMISSION IN THE UNITED STATES

CLEAN ENERGY GROUP / NORTHEAST WIND RESOURCES CENTER Offshore Wind Transmission Webinar September 6, 2018

Mark C. Kalpin, Partner Holland & Knight LLP

KEY CONSIDERATIONS

- »Ownership Structure / Mechanisms
- »Cost Recovery
- »Allocation of Capacity / Open Access
- »RTO Interconnection Process
- »Coordination of Permitting / Construction
- »Allocation of Risk & Impact on Financing

GENERATOR LEAD LINE

- » Current Model in State OSW Procurements
- » Bundled PPA Rates, based on Delivery of Energy
 - Low EDC risk, but potential for low transparency
- » FERC Order 8071: 5-Year Safe Harbor until Open Access
- » RTO Interconnection: Seamless for Developer
- » Ability to Coordinate Permitting / Construction
 - BOEM easement as part of Lease
 - Coordinated SAP, COP and NEPA review
 - Coordinated permitting / determination of cost & need

Open Access and Priority Rights on Interconnection Customer's Interconnection Facilities, Order No. 807, 150 FERC ¶61,211 (2015), reh'q denied, 153 FERC ¶ 61,047 (2015)

MERCHANT OWNERSHIP

- » Currently Not Part of State Procurements
- » Cost-Based, Participant-Funded Rate Recovery
- » Allocation of Capacity
 - FERC's Chinook² Four Factor Analysis and Final Policy Statement on the Allocation of Capacity³ prior to OATT
- » RTO Interconnection as an ETU: A New Wrinkle?
- » Coordination of Permitting / Construction
 - Location, tie-in process, and points of receipt
 - Separate BOEM Right-of-Way and GAP: NEPA Review?
 - Separate permitting / determination of cost & need?
 - Coordination of In-Service Dates not a trivial issue
- The four factors are: (1) justness and reasonableness of rates; (2) the potential for undue discrimination; (3) the potential for undue preference, including affiliate preference; and (4) regional reliability and operational efficiency requirements. Chinook Power Transmission, LLC, et al., 126 FERC \P 61,134, at P. 37 (2009).
- 3 Allocation of Capacity on New Merchant Transmission Projects and New, Cost Based, Participant Fund Transmission Projects, 142 FERC ¶ 61,038 (2013)

TRANSCO OWNERSHIP

- » Beneficial Model that is Difficult to Implement
- » Cost Recovery and Capacity Allocation
 - "Socialized" Cost Recovery through RTO OATT
 - Either RTO Regional Transmission Plan or FERC Order
 1000 "Public Policy Projects" Process⁴
 - Initial FPA Section 205 / 219 rate filings at FERC
 - RTO OATT fully applicable
- » Coordination of Initial Permitting / Construction
 - Location, tie-in process, and points of receipt
 - Separate BOEM ROW and General Activities Plan
 - Separate NEPA review and State permitting processes
 - Coordination of In-Service Dates not a trivial issue

4 Transmission Planning and Cost Allocation by Transmission Owning and Operating Public Utilities, Order No. 1000, 76 FR 49842 (Aug. 11, 2011), FERC Stats. & Regs. \P 31,323 (2011), order on reh'g, Order No. 1000-A, 139 FERC \P 61,132 (2012), order on reh'g and clarification, Order No. 1000-B, 141 FERC \P 61,044 (2012)

ALLOCATION OF RISKS / IMPACT ON FINANCING

- » Generator Lead Line
 - Developer Takes All Risk
 - RESULT: Improves Ability for Project Financing
- » Merchant Ownership
 - Who are Counter-Parties, and Who bears Risk?
 - RESULT: Creates Challenges for Project Financing
- » Transco Model
 - Most Risks Ultimately are Socialized
 - RESULT: Likely Facilitates Project Financing

QUESTIONS?

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Thank you for attending our webinar

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DOE Wind Exchange: https://windexchange.energy.gov/

