

State & Federal Energy Storage Technology Advancement Partnership (ESTAP) Webinar:

Optimizing the Benefits of a PV with Battery Storage System

September 16, 2013



Housekeeping

- All participants will be in listen-only mode throughout the broadcast.
- It is recommended that you connect to the audio portion of the webinar using VOIP and your computer's speakers or USB-type headset. You can also connect by telephone. If by phone, please expand the Audio section of the webinar console to select "Telephone" to find the PIN number shown and enter it onto your telephone keypad.
- You can enter questions for today's event by typing them into the "Question Box" on the webinar console. We will pose your questions, as time allows, following the presentation.
- This webinar is being recorded and will be made available after the event on the CESA website at

www.cleanenergystates.org/events/

- To sign up for the ESTAP Listserv:

<http://www.cleanenergystates.org/projects/energy-storage-technology-advancement-partnership/energy-storage-listserv-signup/>

State & Federal Energy Storage Technology Advancement Partnership (ESTAP)

Val Stori, Project Director
Clean Energy States Alliance



Thank You:

Dr. Imre Gyuk

U.S. Department of Energy,
Office of Electricity Delivery and
Energy Reliability

Dan Borneo

Sandia National Laboratories



ESTAP is a project of CESA

Clean Energy States Alliance (CESA) is a non-profit organization providing a forum for states to work together to implement effective clean energy policies & programs:

- Information Exchange
- Partnership Development
- Joint Projects (National RPS Collaborative, Interstate Turbine Advisory Council)
- Clean Energy Program Design & Evaluations
- Analysis and Reports

CESA is supported by a coalition of states and public utilities representing the leading U.S. public clean energy programs.



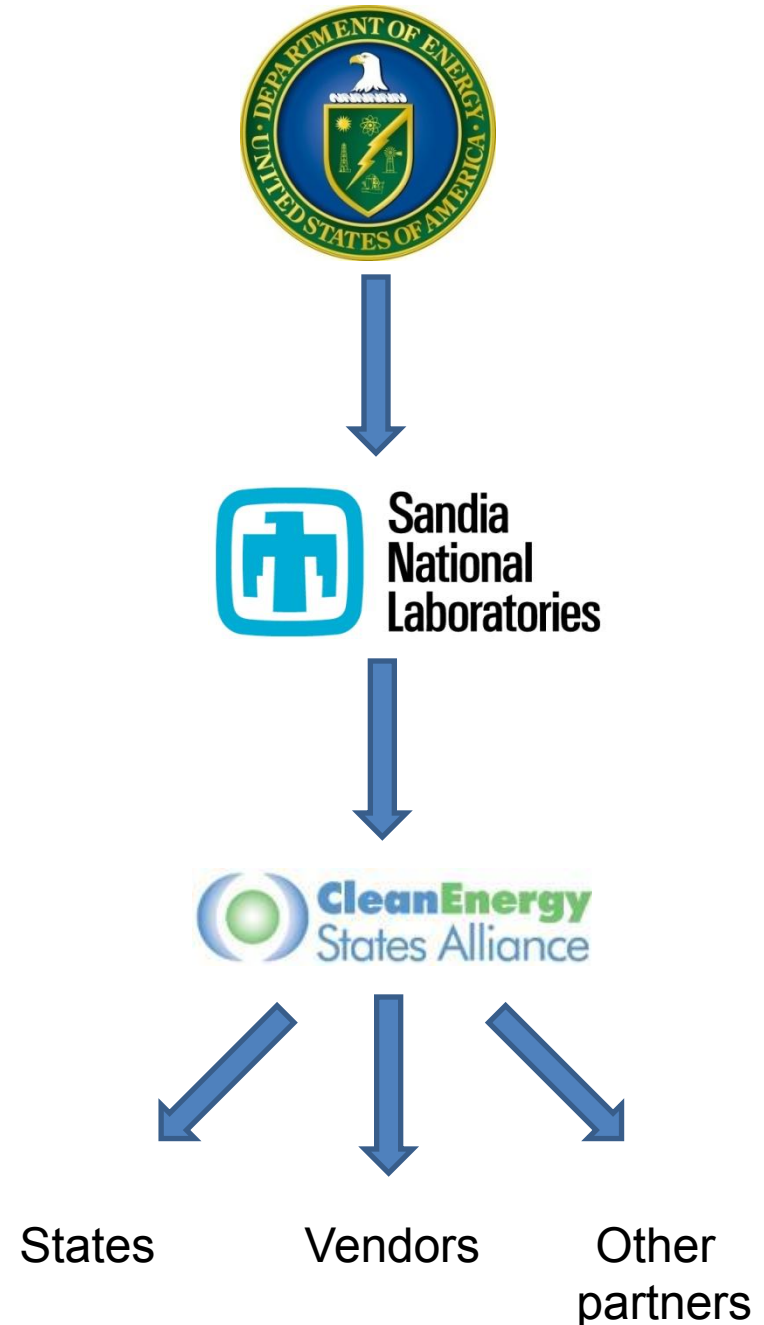
ESTAP* Overview

Purpose: Create new DOE-state energy storage partnerships and advance energy storage, with technical assistance from Sandia National Laboratories

Focus: Distributed electrical energy storage technologies

Outcome: Near-term and ongoing project deployments across the U.S. with co-funding from states, project partners, and DOE

* (Energy Storage Technology Advancement Partnership)



ESTAP Key Activities

1. Disseminate information to stakeholders

- ESTAP listserv >500 members
- Webinars, conferences, information updates, surveys

2. Facilitate public/private partnerships at state level to support energy storage demonstration project development

- Match bench-tested energy storage technologies with state hosts for demonstration project deployment
- DOE/Sandia provide \$ for generic engineering, monitoring and assessment
- Cost share \$ from states, utilities, foundations, other stakeholders



ESTAP Webinars

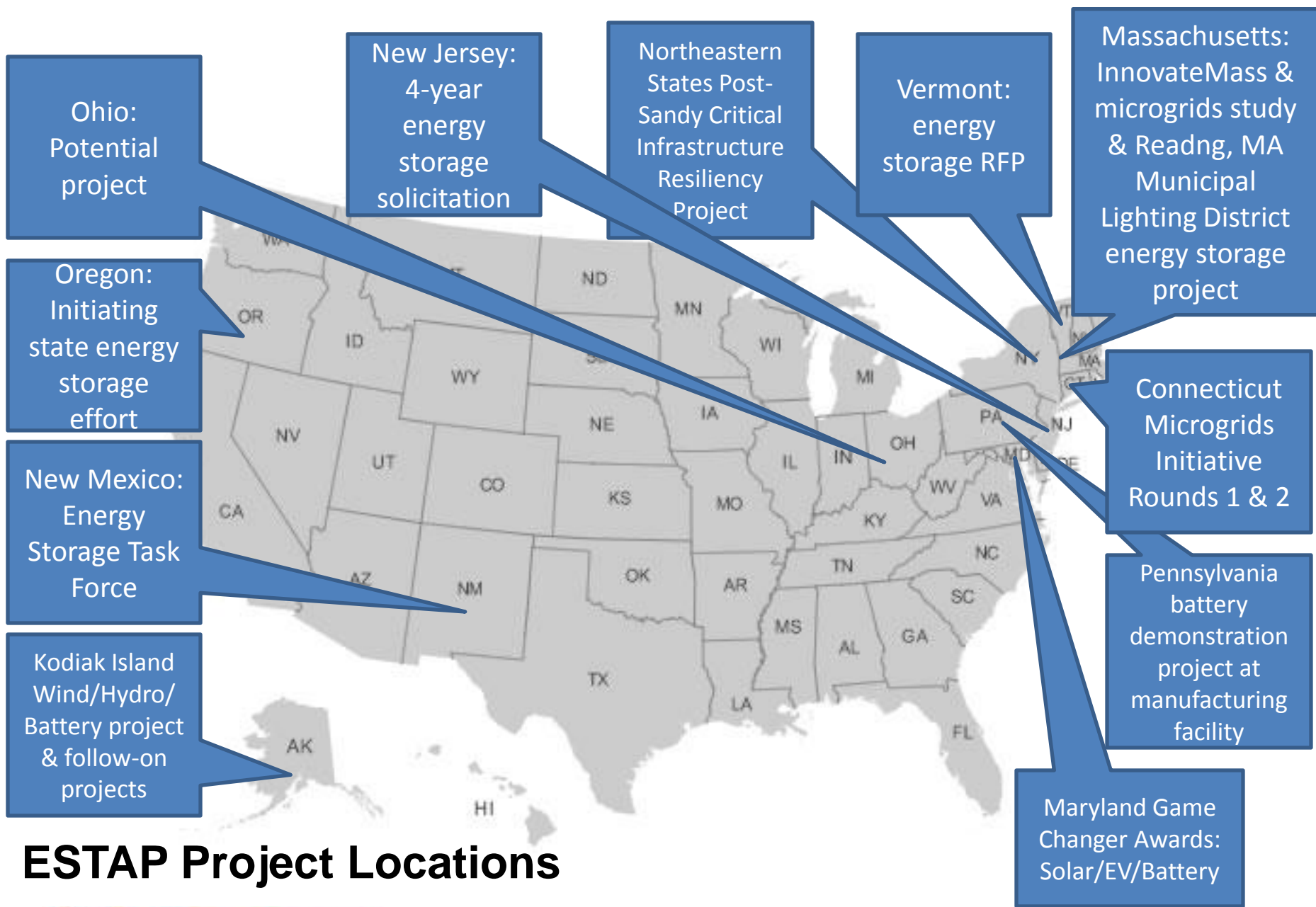
Policy Webinars:

- Introduction to the Energy Storage Guidebook for State Utility Regulators
- Briefing on Sandia's Maui Energy Storage Study
- The Business Case for Fuel Cells 2012
- State Electricity Storage Policies
- Highlights of the DOE/EPRI 2013 Electricity Storage Handbook in Collaboration with NRECA

Technology Webinars:

- Smart Grid, Grid Integration, Storage and Renewable Energy
- East Penn and Ecoult Battery Installation Case Study
- Energy Storage Solutions for Microgrids
- Applications for Redox Flow Batteries
- Introduction to Fuel Cell Applications for Microgrids and Critical Facilities
- UCSD microgrid





ESTAP Project Locations



Today's Speakers

Dr. Imre Gyuk, U.S. Department of Energy,
Office of Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability

Dan Borneo, Sandia National Laboratories

Steve Willard, PNM Resources



Contact Information

CESA Project Director:

Todd Olinsky-Paul

(Todd@cleanegroup.org)

Sandia Project Director:

Dan Borneo (drborne@sandia.gov)

www.cleanenergystates.org/events

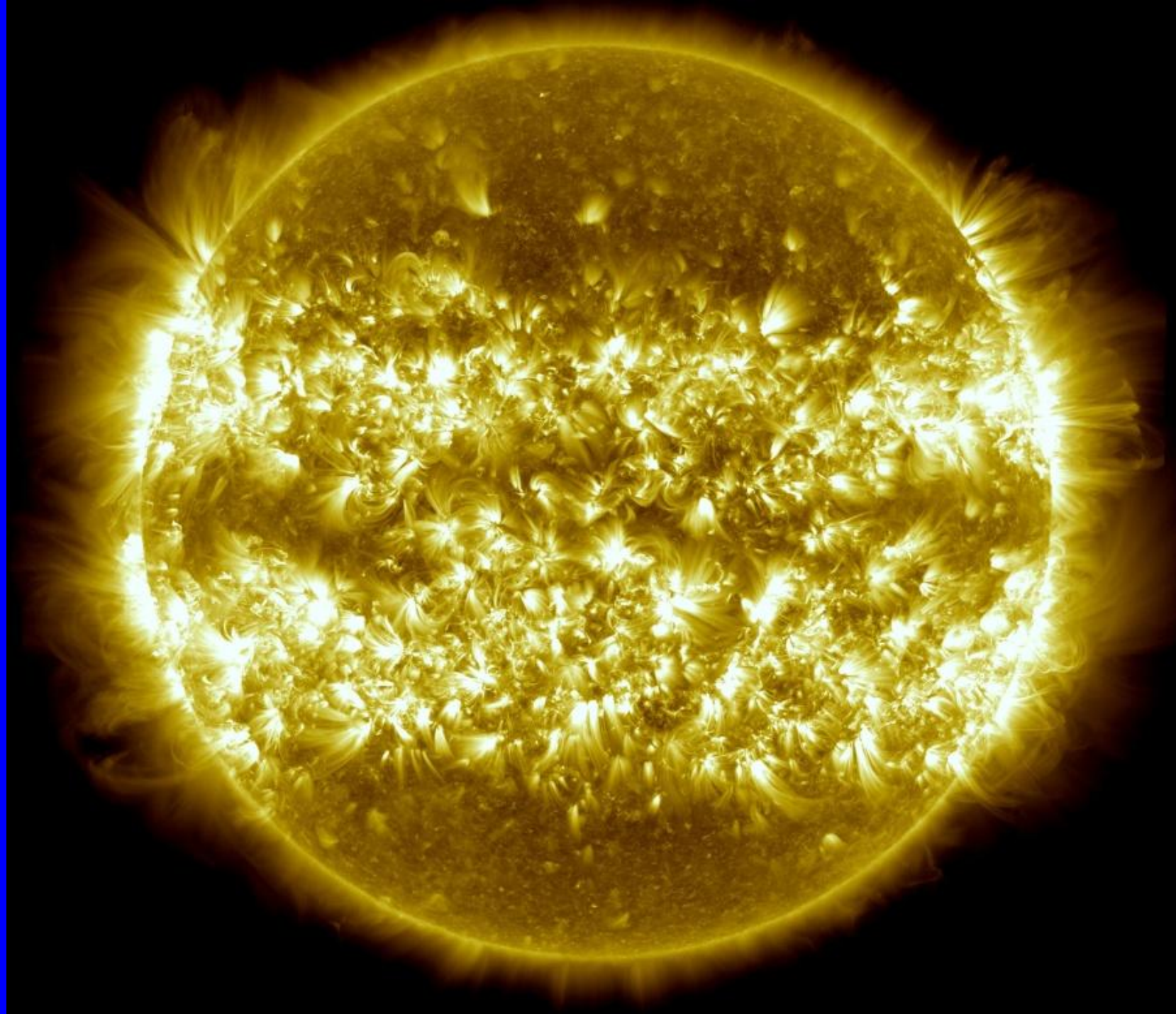
To sign up for the ESTAP Listserv:

<http://www.cleanenergystates.org/projects/energy-storage-technology-advancement-partnership/energy-storage-listserv-signup>



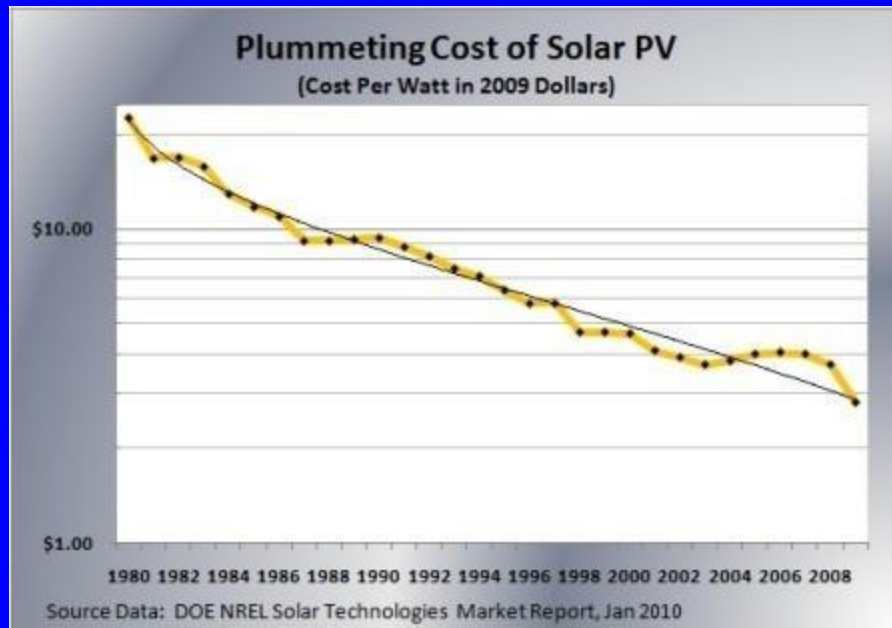
Energy Storage and Solar PV

IMRE GYUK, PROGRAM MANAGER
ENERGY STORAGE RESEARCH, DOE

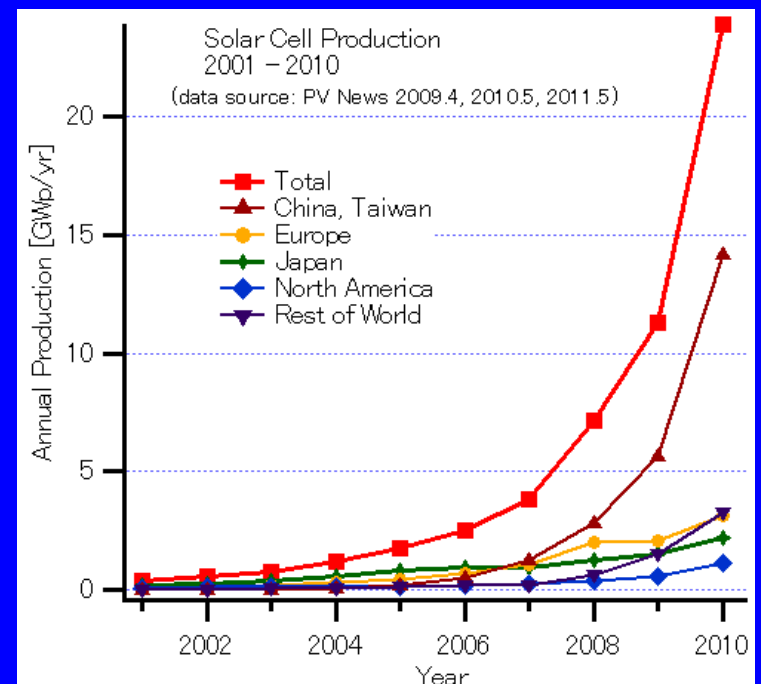


All Energy Ultimately
derives from the Sun!

PV Solar is an
Attractive, Sustainable Option



As PV Costs Decline,
Production Soars!





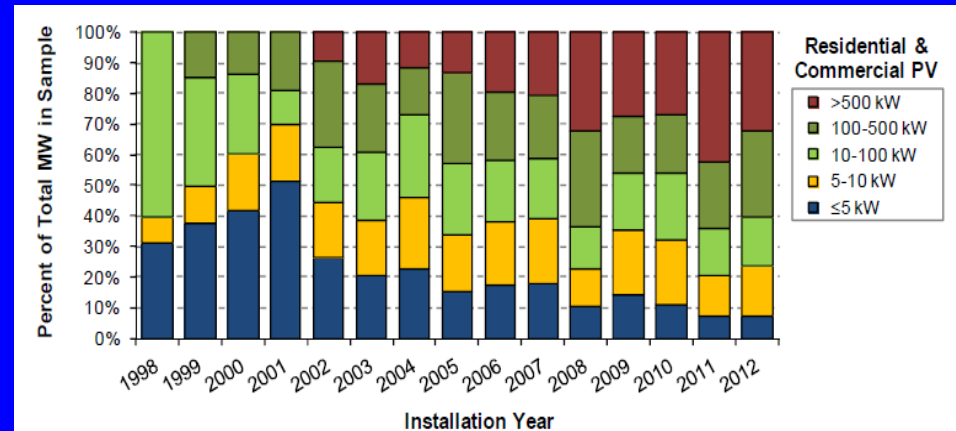
Rooftop PV -



or Solar Farm?

US: 8.9 GW
Japan: 10 GW

Approximately 50%
of PV installations
are Grid Scale, >100kW



But there are certain Issues



Moonlight is not enough!

Diurnal Load Patterns don't
Match PV Generation



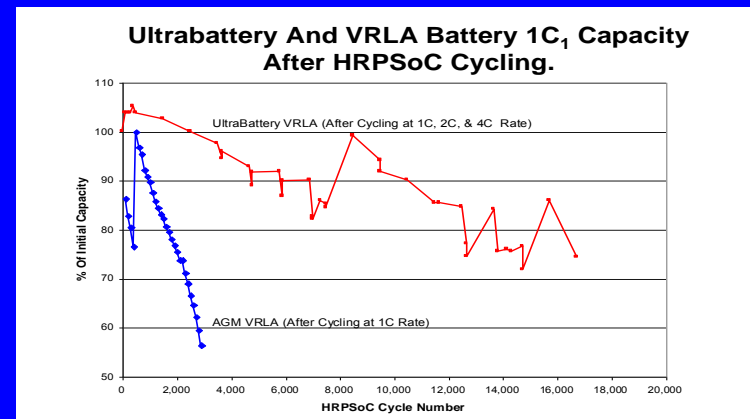
Clouds drift past!

Intermittency requires
Backup

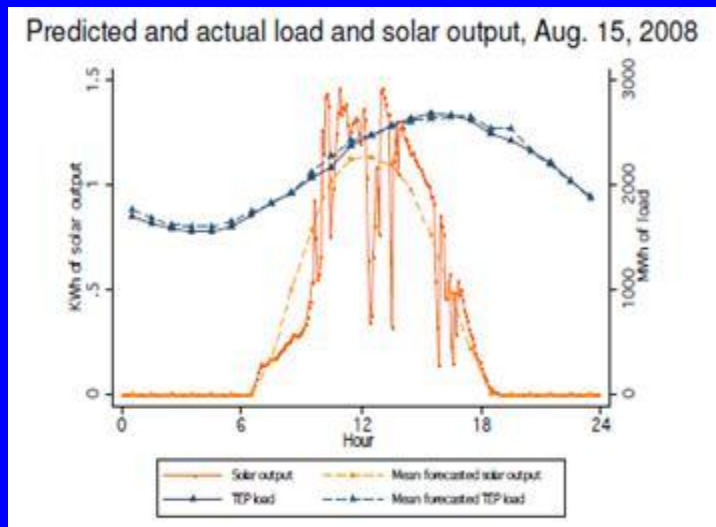
PV needs Storage for Capacity Firming!

Medium Size Projects: 1-5 MW

ARRA – Public Service NM:
500kW, 2.5MWh for Smoothing
and Peak Shifting of a 500kW PV
installation; Using
EastPenn Lead-Carbon Technology



PbC Testing at Sandia



Load & PV Output in Tucson, AZ



Commissioned Sep. 24, 2011 Integrator: Ecoult

Analysis and Modeling:

Public Service New Mexico

University of New Mexico

Northern New Mexico College

Sandia National Laboratories

Ecoul and East Penn Manufacturing

U.S. Dept. of Energy, Office of Electricity

Extensive 1-second data has been gathered and is being statistically analyzed through a numerical methods optimization approach to determine the optimal level of smoothing.

The algorithm running these functions automatically retrieves cloud cover predictions, feeder loadings from PNM's SCADA, as well as real time and forecasted peak prices. It is now using these inputs to make optimized decisions

Primus Power / Raytheon

Marine Corps Air Station

Miramar, CA

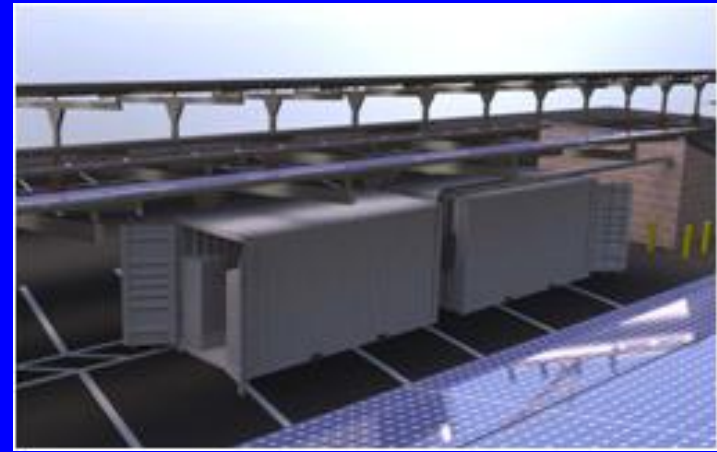
An ESTCP Project

250kW- 4hr EnergyPod™ (ZnBr) for 230kW PV with micro-grid capability. Completion 2014

Mission critical backup power
Islanding and Peak Shaving capability

Miramar lost power in September 2011 Great Southwest Blackout

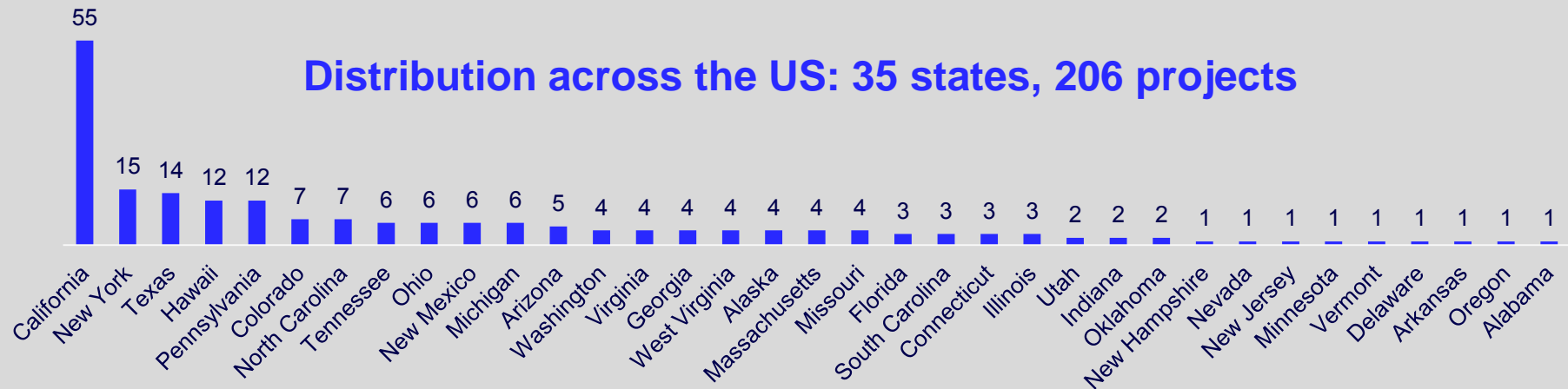
- Training missions cancelled
- Planes grounded
- 25% of diesel generators had trouble starting



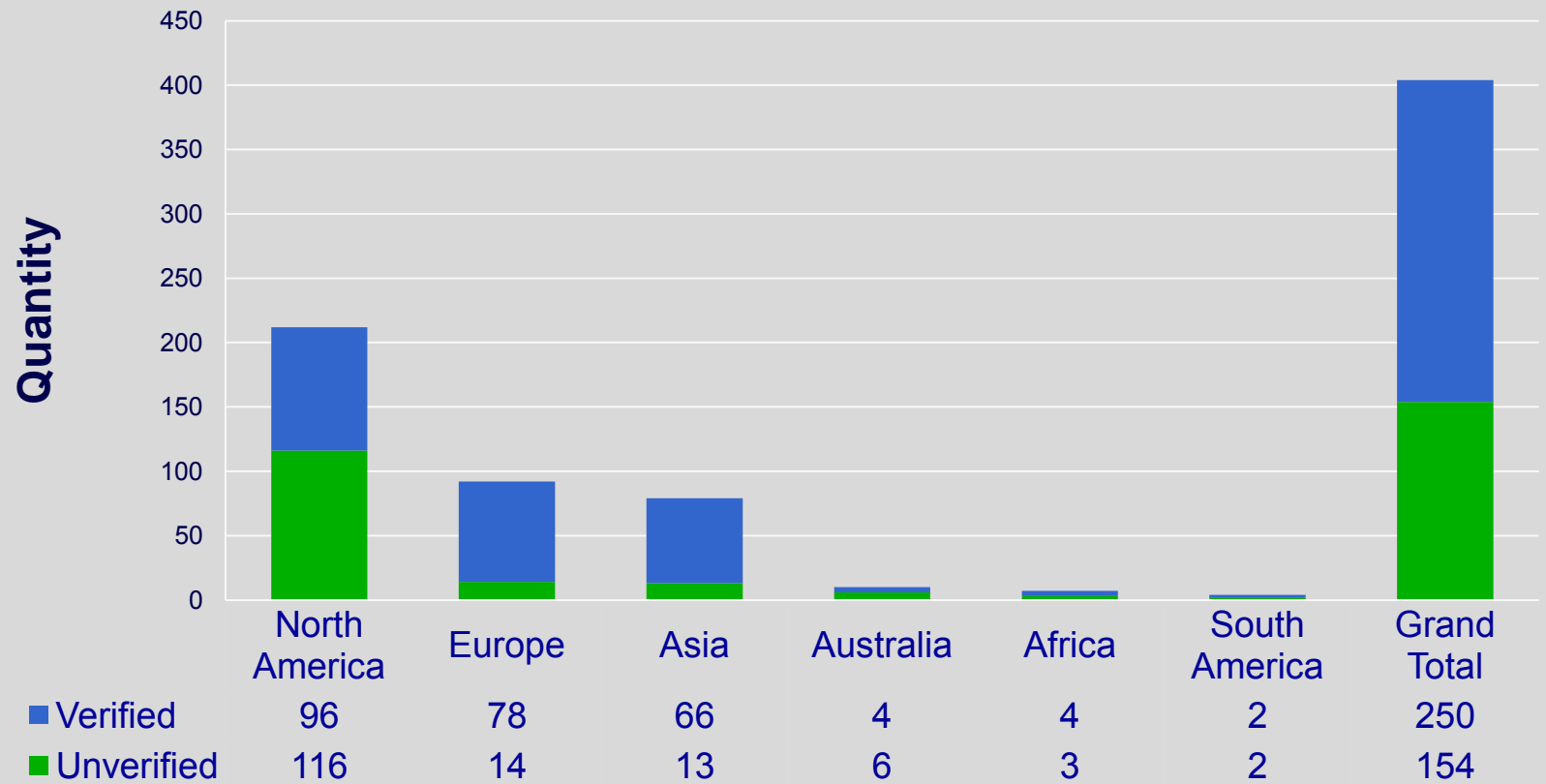
Battery system developed under ARRA

The DOE International Energy Storage Data Base

Distribution across the US: 35 states, 206 projects



Projects by Region: 6 continents, 404 projects



PNM's Prosperity Energy Storage Project

Optimizing the Benefits of PV with a Battery Storage System



Agenda

System Description

PV Smoothing Algorithm Results and Optimization

PV Firming Algorithm Results

Peak Shaving Results and Optimization

Stacked Benefits Approach

Economic Analysis Framework

NEDO/Prosperity Project Integration

Lessons Learned

Prosperity Project Description

Project Description

- Designed to both smooth PV intermittency and shift PV energy for on-peak delivery
- First of 16 DOE Smart Grid Storage Demonstration Projects to go on line – Sept 2011
- Successfully demonstrating true Storage/PV integration to Utility operations with >90% availability

Equipment

- 500 kW PV (fixed C-Si panels) – not DOE funded
- Ecoult/East Penn - Advanced Lead Acid Battery system for “shifting” – 1MWh
- Ecoult/East Penn - “Ultra” Battery system for “smoothing” - 500kW

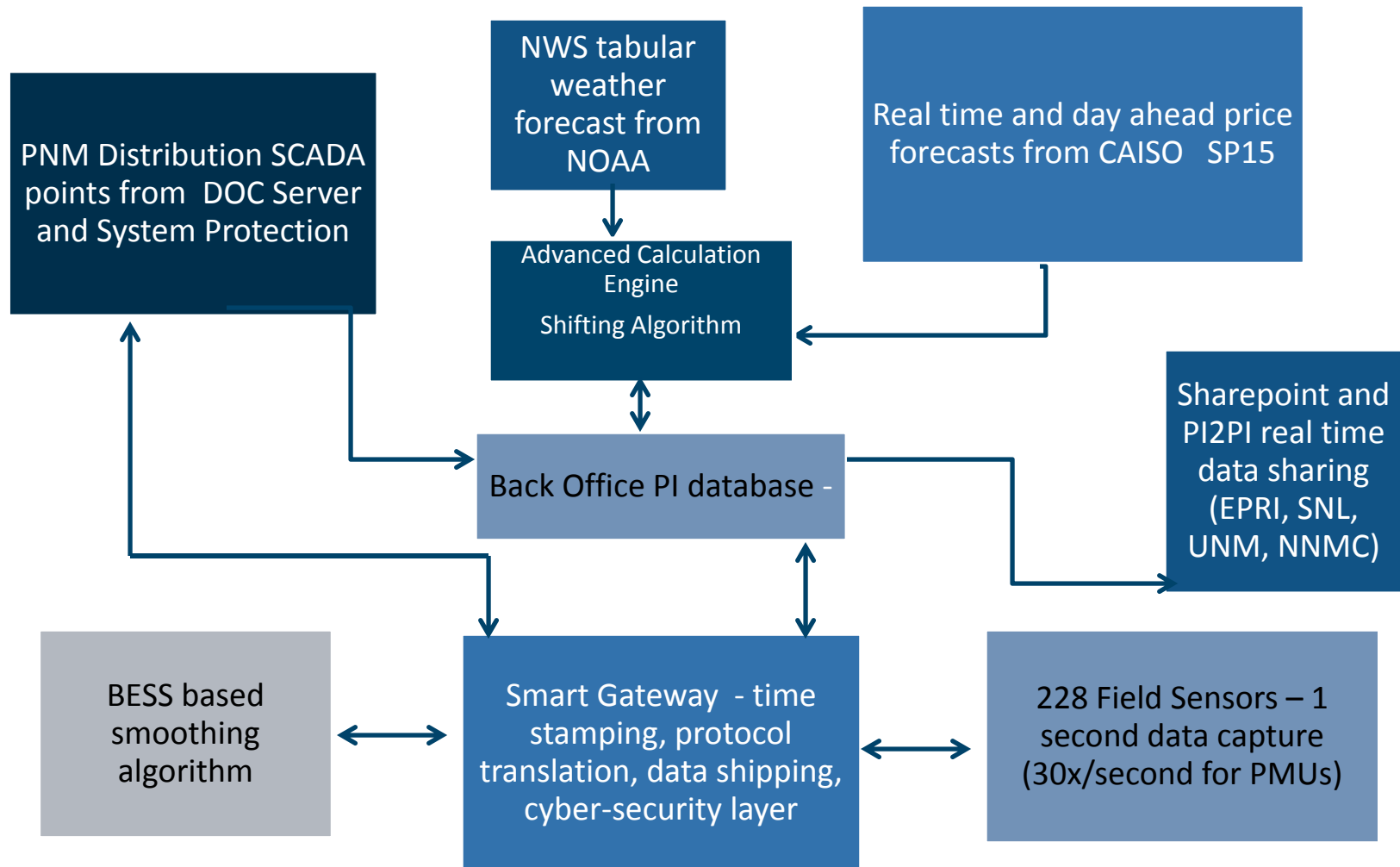
Cyber Secure, High Resolution Data Acquisition and Control System – 1 second and 30 samples per second data capture



Prosperity Project Goals

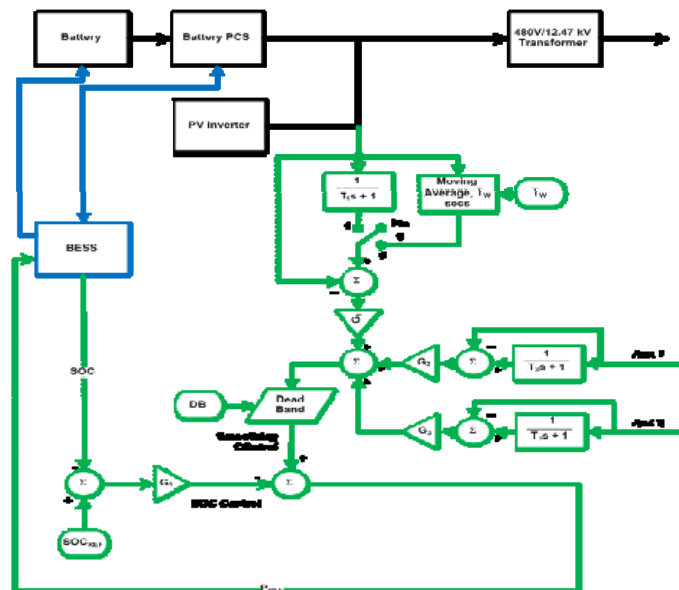
- Develop an even more beneficial Renewable Resource Transferable Nationwide
- Created a dispatchable, renewables-based peaking resource – *achieved*
- Combined PV and storage at a substation targeting 15% peak-load reduction – *achieved*
- Demonstrating a combination that can simultaneously mitigate voltage-level fluctuations as well as enable load shifting – *achieved*
- Developed power system models (baseline and projected), and cost/benefit economic models *achieved/underway*
- Generating, collecting, analyzing and sharing resultant data – Strong public outreach – *achieved*
- Enable distributed solutions that reduce GHG emissions through the expanded use of renewables – *underway*

Prosperity Control/Communication Overview – Utility Grade Smart Grid Sophistication



Prosperity - PV Smoothing Algorithm and Tests

Smoothing Algorithm Flow Diagram

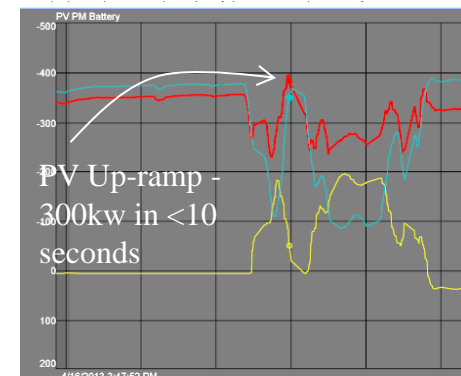


- Developed by Sandia Labs - Capable of changing inputs, gains and calculation routines as well as accommodate external inputs (from outside the system)
- MATLAB modeled by SNL and UNM to pretest and validate field data

Smoothing Test Plan

Various configurations and control inputs tested since Sept 2011

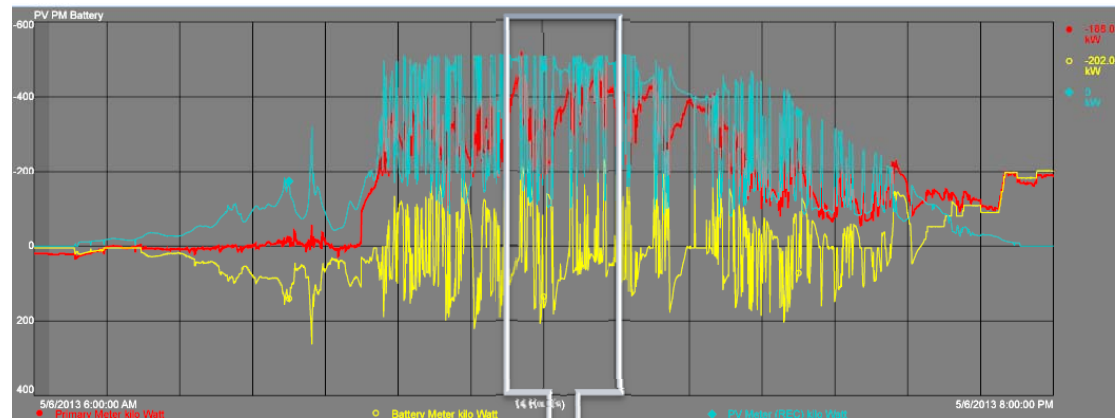
- Algorithm
 - Moving Average
 - Low Pass Filter
- Percent battery capacity (40, 60, 80 100%)
- Control Inputs
 - PV Meter
 - Irradiance sensors (single and average)
- Tested to large ramp rates from co-sited PV (PSi panels)



PV Smoothing Demonstration

Smoothing Test Plan Results

- Variety of control inputs – PV Meter, Irradiance Sensors (average, individual)
- Variety of gains on input – tests different capacities of battery use
- Optimization target: how much smoothing is enough?



5/6/13 with 40 minute magnification



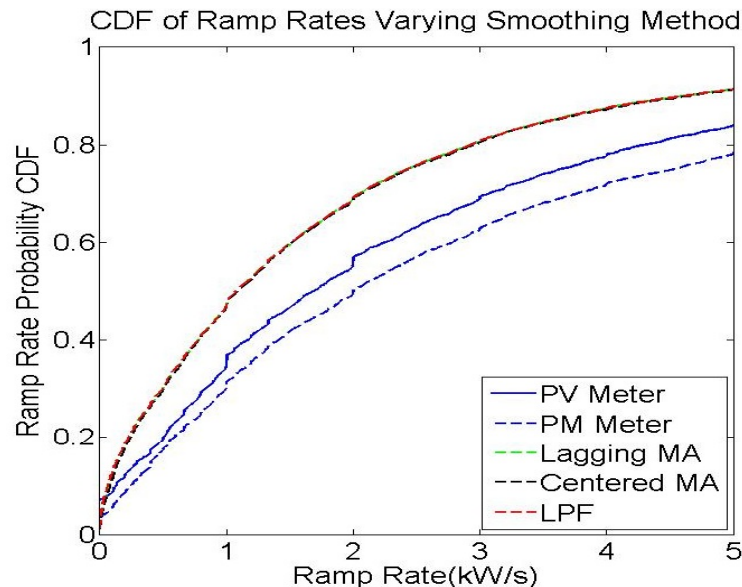
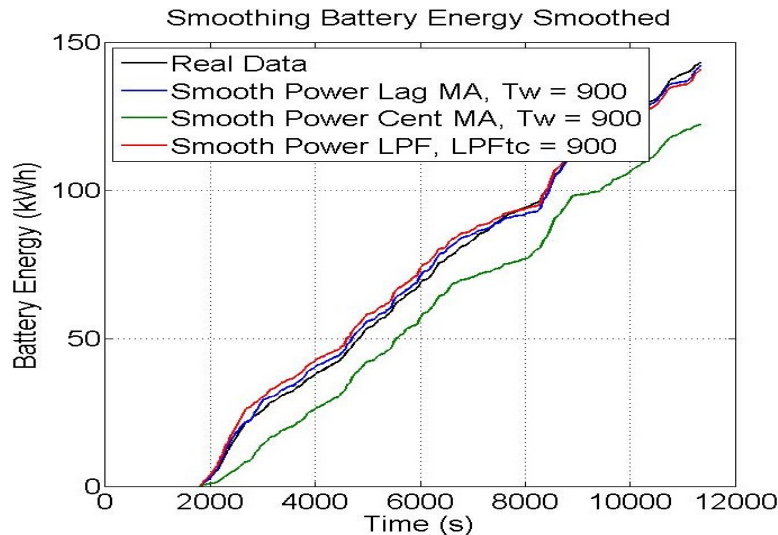
Key:

Yellow =
Battery Output

Red=System
Output

Blue=PV
Output

Moving Average vs Low Pass Filter Smoothing



Energy Use Analysis

Shows LPF uses 18% more energy use compared to MA

Real Energy includes parasitic loads – models will calibrate this in next step

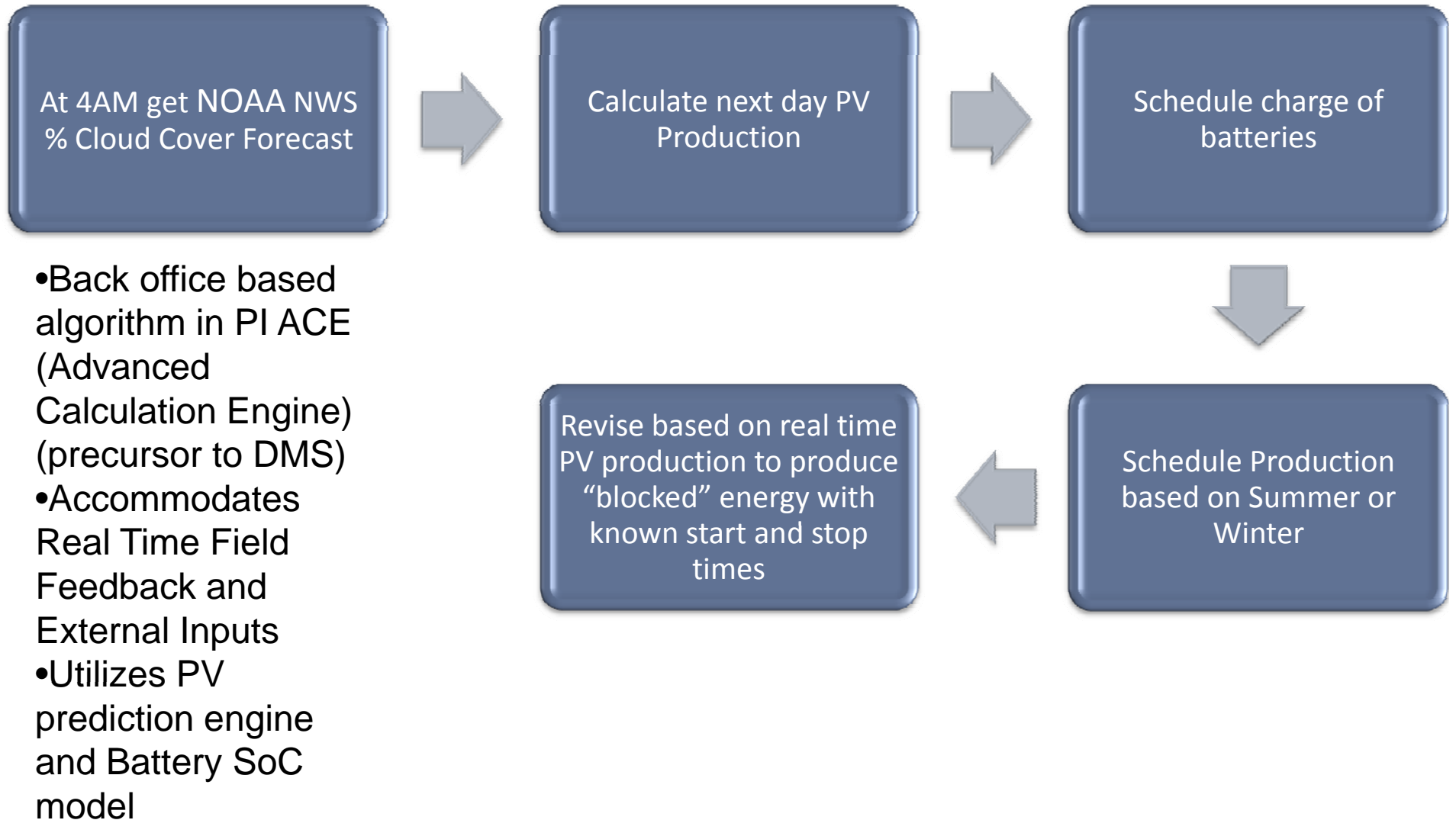
CDF Analysis

Shows effective smoothing (quantified) but does not show a big real difference between LPF and MA

Load Tap Changer Analysis

Further analysis targeting LTC operation counts and incorporating cost per operation

Firming PV Algorithm Flow Diagram

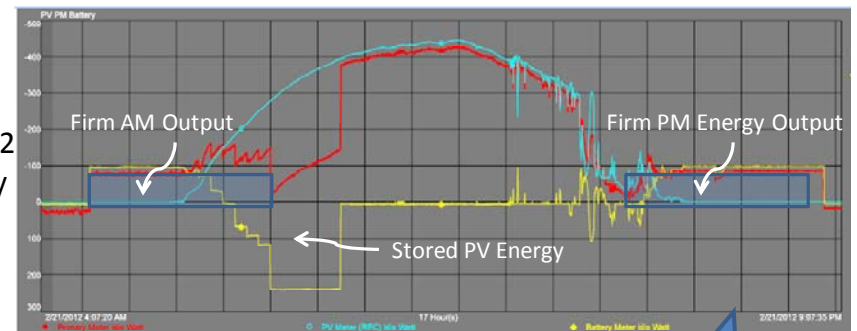


PV Firming Results

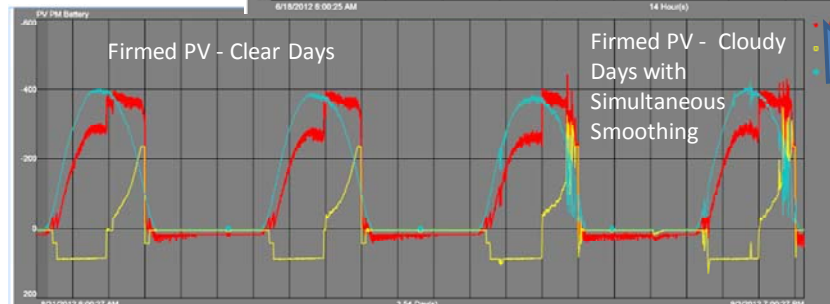
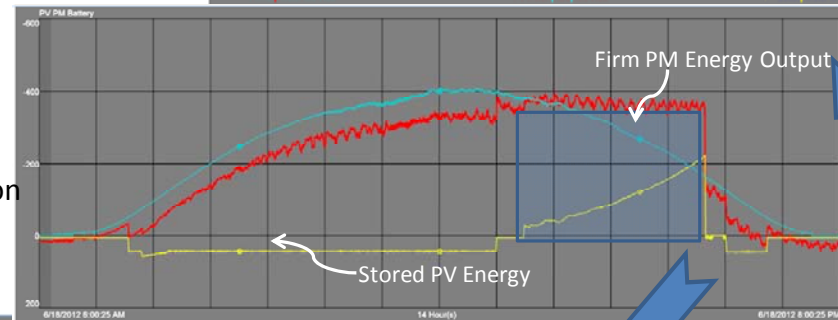
Firming Test Plan Results

- Advancing Automation and Sophistication for firming PV
- Automated cloud forecast retrieval
- Automated PV energy calculation
- Recently added:
 - CAISO Real Time and Next Day LMP price signals
 - Substation peak shaving signals

Manual Shifting
Implemented 2/21/12
Target is firm delivery
for morning and
evening peak



Automated Shifting-
In service starting
4/12. Target is firm
delivery for afternoon
peak



Refined Automated Shifting
service starting 10/12.
Automated NWS weather
forecast incorporated into
shifting Algorithm

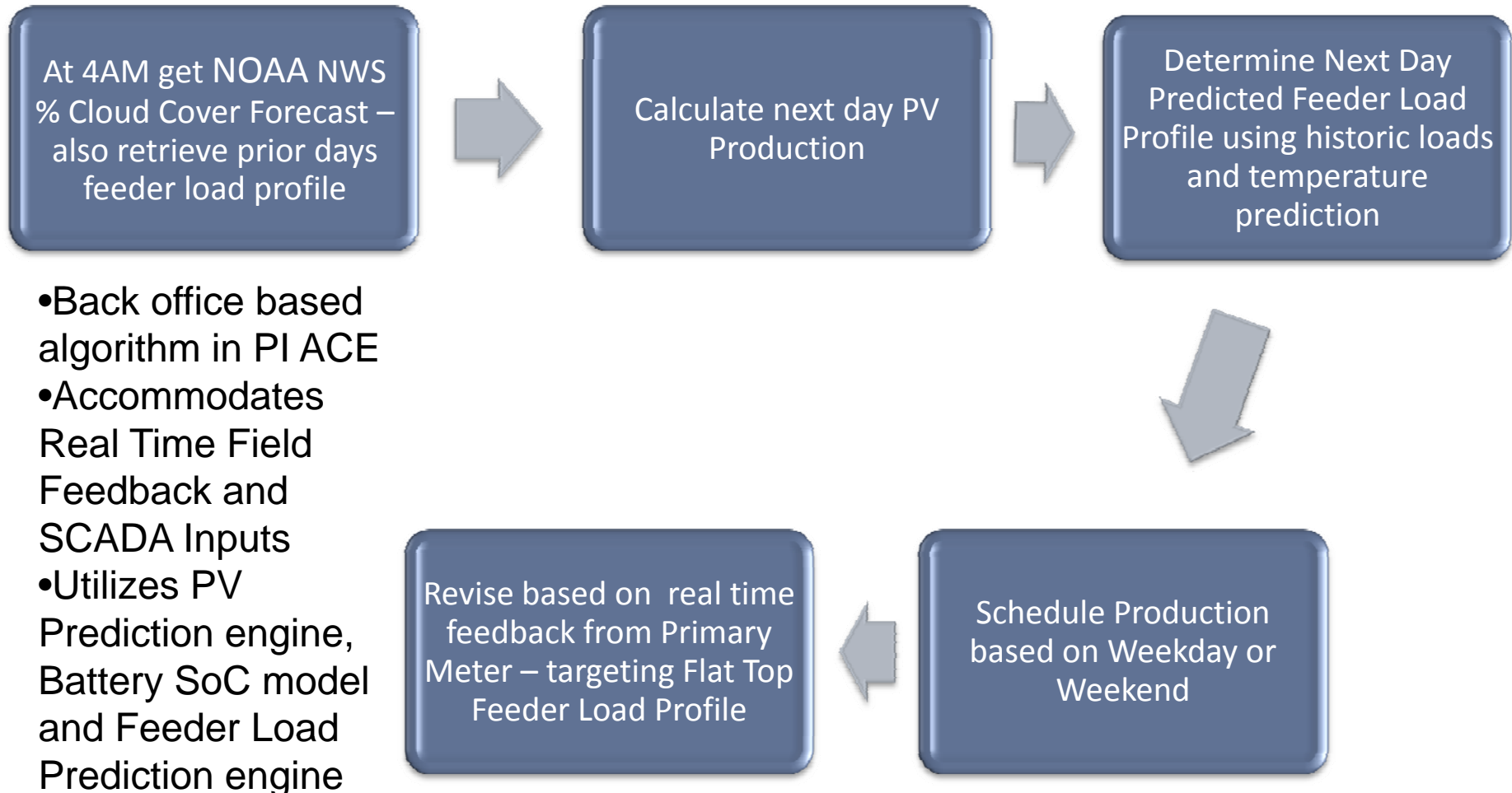
Key:

Yellow =
Battery Output

Red=System
Output

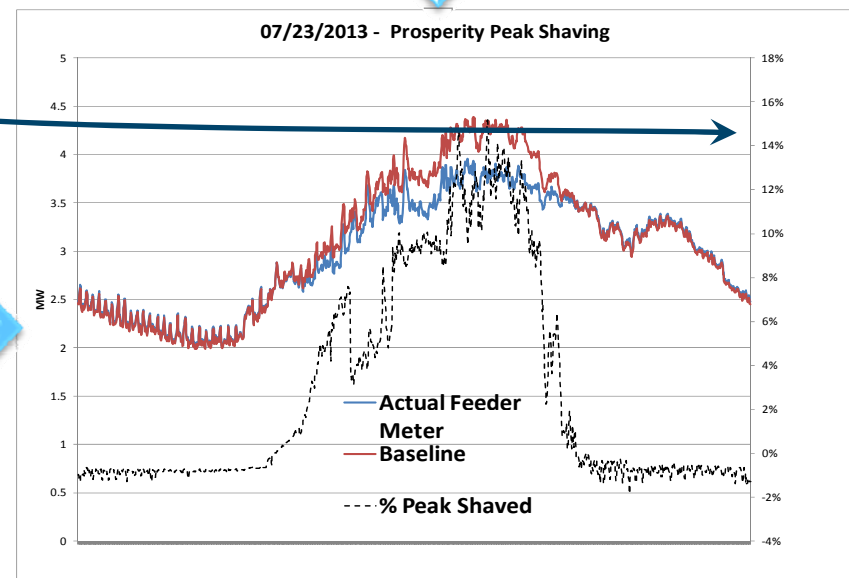
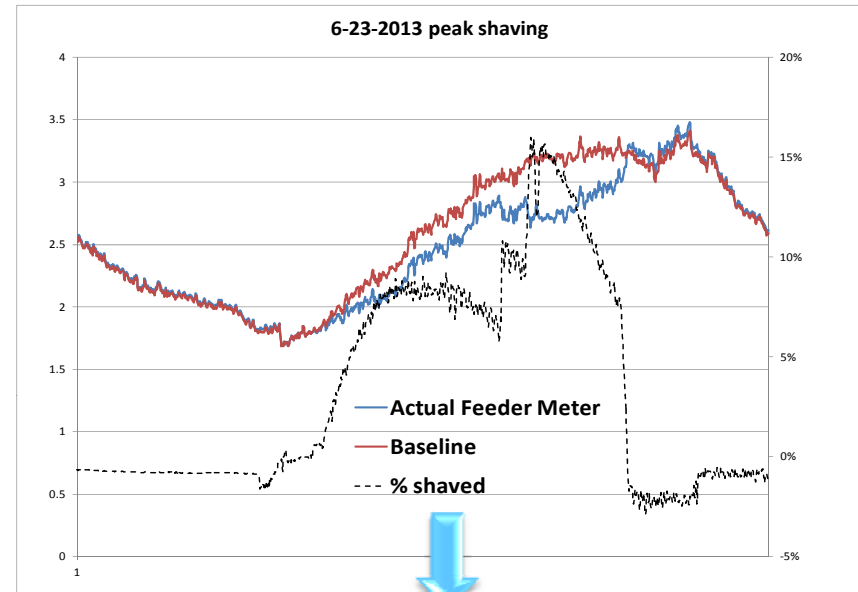
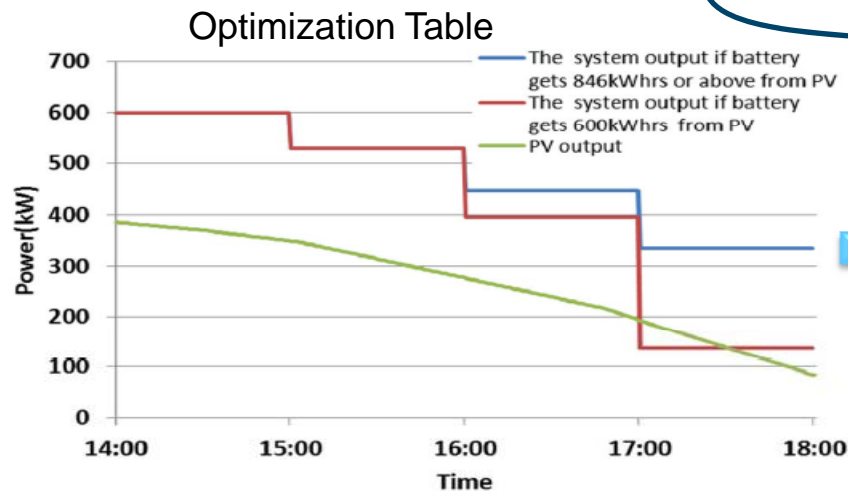
Blue=PV
Output

Peak Shaving Algorithm Flow Diagram

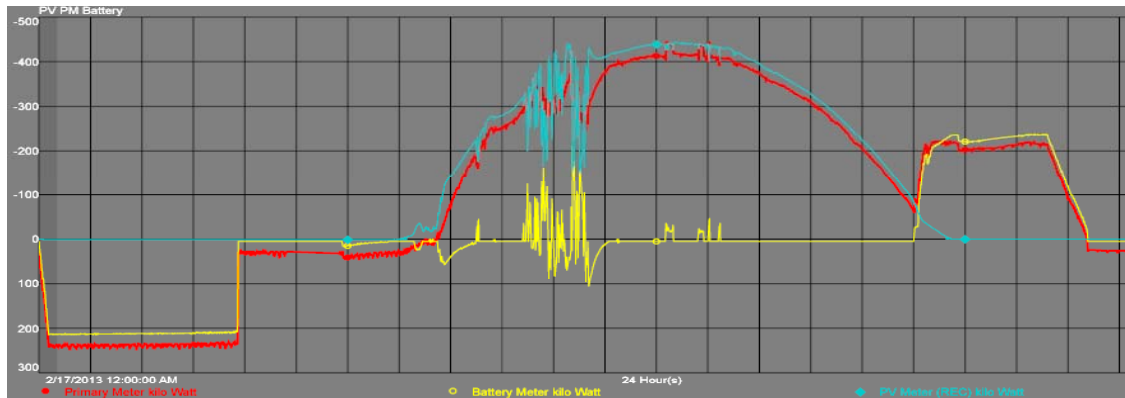


Peak Shaving Results - Summer 2013

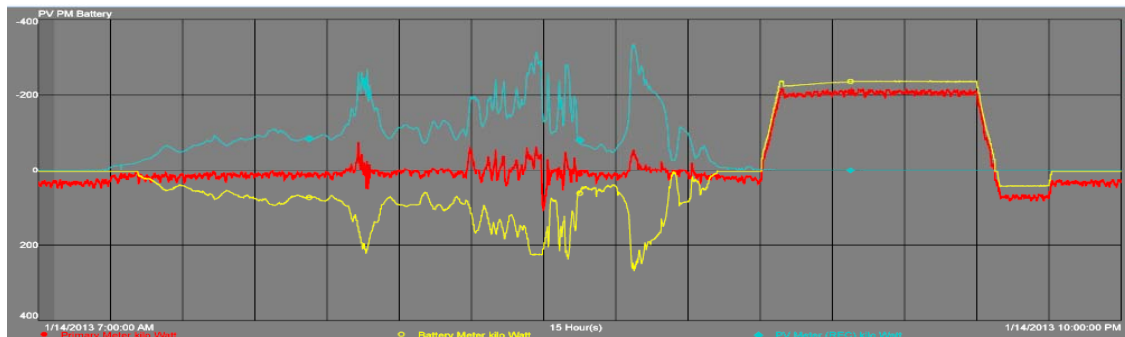
- Initial algorithm was refined to better predict feeder load profile
- Optimization required better historic knowledge in order to predict next day profile
- Refined PV production prediction was also incorporated
- 15% target reduction of feeder load apparent in optimized version
- Example of the embedded optimization table below



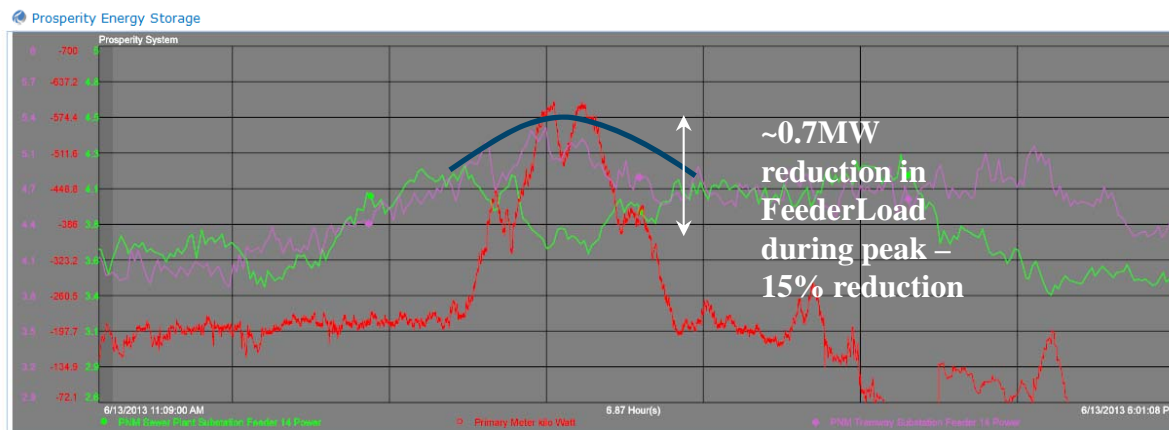
Overall Examples – Stacked Benefits – Which do we pick?



Energy stored from the Grid due to predicted high cloud cover (which didn't happen) .
Control system automatically decides when to store energy based on cloud predictions

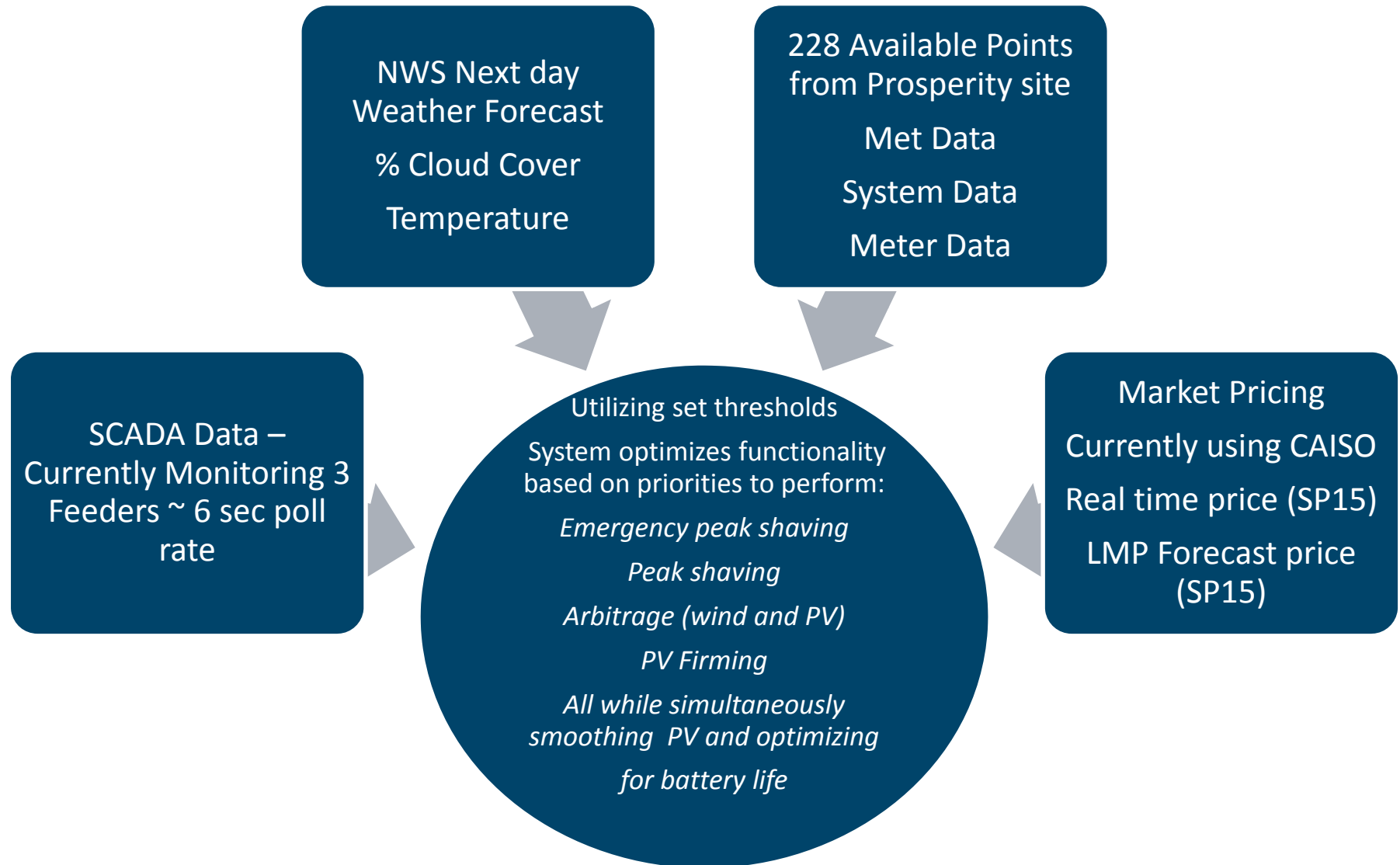


Simultaneous Shifting and smoothing – during a very cloudy day and dispatching a block of energy during evening peak.



Local Feeder Peak Shaving – Requires PV production and feeder prediction (Green Line is Feeder)

Optimization of All Applications - Smart Grid Functionality



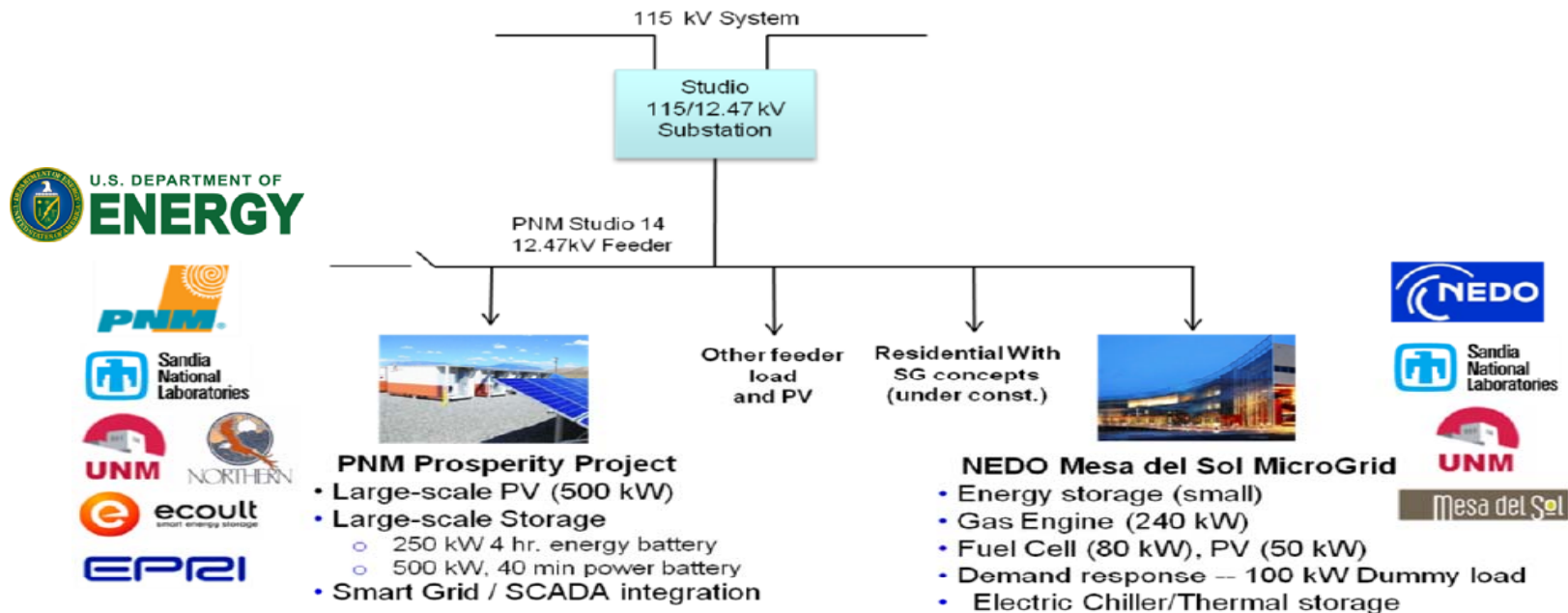
Economic Evaluation Framework

- EPRI OpenDSS
 - Derive smoothing characteristics on feeder
 - Define peak shaving and smoothing impacts on LTC, transformers and other equipment and power quality on the feeder
- Matlab and other analysis
 - Determine optimal battery size and algorithm parameters for smoothing
 - Determine optimized battery operation in overall stacked configuration
 - Model Predictive Control
 - Overall optimization of shifting algorithm
 - High end sophistication to further optimize battery life versus benefit to grid
- EPRI ESVT
 - Derive economic \$ benefits
- DOE Storage Computational Tool
 - Sensitivity Analysis of \$ benefits

Lessons Learned

- Shifting algorithms are dependent on weather forecasts
 - % cloud cover for PV prediction is weak and a better product is needed
 - Peak shaving success is highly dependent on accurate feeder load shape – historic load data and accurate temperature forecasts are a necessity
- Smoothing benefits are feeder specific
 - In order to gauge battery size and benefits dynamic modeling of PV and grid impacts is required
 - More needs to be learned about the effects of voltage swings and reverse power flow
- Economic models need to accommodate stacked benefits and ability of storage system to prioritize
 - Requires 8760 hour DG, load and pricing data inputs with high end sophistication DOE Storage Computational Tool
- Energy Storage is a great tool for the grid
 - Proven ability to provide multiple benefits – some simultaneously
 - Requires lots of data input
 - Back office DMS that accommodates the data and dispatches multiple units in a cyber secure fashion needs development – this is the centerpiece that enables multiple PV/Storage assets to solve grid issues both independently and in concert

Integrating Smoothing Batteries with Gas Engine from separate site on the same Feeder



DER Smart Grid Integration

Test Goals

Test Plan – used SNL Smoothing Algorithm

- Coordinated operation of a gas engine from Mesa del Sol and Prosperity batteries for smoothing PV plant output

- Show Battery life extension by supplementing smoothing with the gas engine. Validate operation of separate DERs acting together via PI2PI

- Performed 08/06-09 – initial results being analyzed – successful integration completed with minimal latency issues. Gas engine assigned “AUX” input into SNL algorithm

Reference: Sandia Report SAND2-13-1603. “PV Output Smoothing using a Battery and Natural Gas Engine-Generator”

Public Outreach www.pnm.com/solarstorage



Real time data
presentation

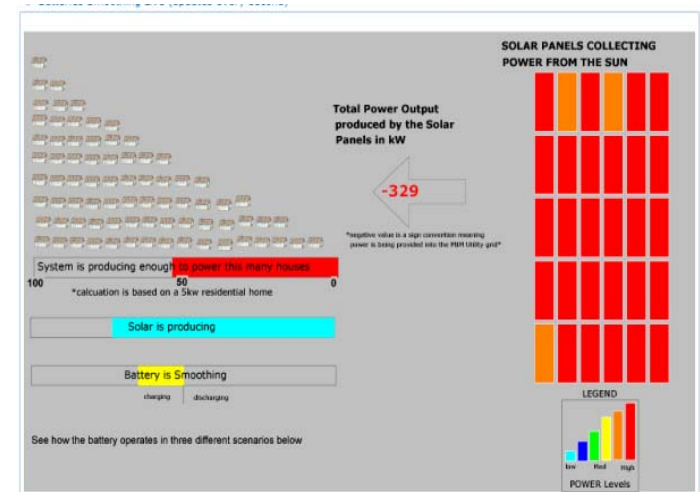
Presentations

Publications

Education & Outreach

Articles

[Solar storage](http://www.pnm.com/solarstorage)



Student Outreach– UNM and NNMC

- Mid School Friday technical projects for Espanola School District – via NNMC
- Project data and analysis used in wide curriculum at NNMC and UNM
- Project engrained in Graduate and PhD studies at UNM Engineering
- 18 IEEE and other source Technical Papers published or accepted

PNM Outreach

- Formal Alignment between PNM, UNM NNMC, SNL and EPRI
- 30 Project presentations at various forums – nationwide and globally
- Over 40 project site tours to local and national stakeholder groups

Industry Outreach

- EPRI Technology Transfer Award - 2013
- Over 20 Industry presentations on project results
- Local and national press coverage

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS & DISCLAIMER



Many thanks are extended to Dr Imre Gyuk for his leadership of the DOE's storage efforts, without which this project would not have been possible. Additionally appreciation is extended to staff at Sandia National Labs for their leading edge contributions, specifically Dan Borneo, Abraham Ellis, Jay Johnson and Mark Ralph

.....

"This report was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the United States Government. Neither the United States Government nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, makes any warranty, express or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States Government or any agency thereof. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government or any agency thereof."